

## I. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Company: Address:	Simpson Strong-Tie Company, Inc. 5956 W. Las Positas Blvd. Pleasanton, CA 94588
Product Name:	ET Resin - ET22, ET56, ET020R, ET050R
Product Description:	Epoxy-Tie Adhesive – Epoxy Resin
Emergency Contact No.:	1-800-535-5053 USA 1-352-323-3500 International
Date Prepared or Revised:	April 2006

# II. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS Numbers
25068-38-6
2426-08-6
67762-90-7
1317-65-3
1317-80-2

The remaining ingredients are designated as "trade secret".

# III. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

#### **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

Non-corrosive. May be irritating to the eyes and skin. May cause skin sensitization.

### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

ACUTE	
Eye Contact:	May cause eye irritation, swelling, tearing, redness or cornea damage.
Skin Contact:	Moderate irritation. May cause skin sensitization, evidenced by rashes and hives.
Inhalation:	Moderate irritation to the nose and respiratory tract. May cause Central Nervous System
	depression, evidenced by headache, dizziness, and nausea.
Ingestion:	May cause irritation to the gastrointestinal tract. May cause Central Nervous System
	depression or other systemic effects.
Systemic Effects:	Lungs, eyes, and skin.

### IV. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of cool water for at least 15 minutes while holding the eyes open. If redness, burning, blurred vision, or swelling persist, <b>CONSULT A PHYSICIAN</b> .
Skin Contact:	Remove product and immediately wash affected area with soap and water. Do not apply greases or ointments. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash clothing with soap and water before reuse. If redness, burning, or swelling persist, <b>CONSULT A PHYSICIAN</b> .
Ingestion:	<b>DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</b> Never administer anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse out mouth with water, then drink sips of water to remove taste from mouth. <b>CONSULT A PHYSICIAN</b> if vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.
Inhalation:	Remove patient to fresh air. If patient continues to experience difficulty breathing, <b>CONSULT A PHYSICIAN</b> .



V. FI	RE-FIGHTING MEASURES				
	Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Water fog, carb	on dioxide or dry	chemical, aqueo	us foam.
	Fire And Explosion Hazard:				en materials polymerize at
	•				from fire fighting to enter drains or
		water courses.			
]	Fire Fighting Equipment and	Wear full prote	ctive clothing and	self-contained b	reathing apparatus for fire fighting.
	Procedures:				non-emergency personnel. Use water
		spray to cool fi	re-exposed surface	es and containers	
	<u>CCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASU</u>				
]	Personal Precautions:			aratus and chemi	cal protective clothing. Evacuate
		personnel to sat			
]	Environmental Precautions:		e to prevent spread	ding. Keep out o	of sewers, storm drains, surface waters,
	Clean an Mathada.	and soils.		h 4 4 1	h as also, as a d an ath an aritable non
	Clean-up Methods:				ch as clay, sand or other suitable non- Seal tightly for proper disposal.
					caution. Create a dike or trench to
					l such as clay, sand or other suitable
					ers. Seal tightly for proper disposal.
	Additional Information:				iblic or environment occurs or is likely
					tate, and local regulations.
VII. S	TORAGE AND HANDLING				
	Storage:	Keep away from	m: acids, oxidizers	, heat, or flames.	Keep in cool, dry, well-ventilated area
			iners. Protect con		
]	Handling:				able conditions of use, wear
					r. When handling, do not eat, drink, or
				andling. Avoid b	oreathing fumes. Handle in a well-
		ventilated work	c area.		
	EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PER				
	Protective Measure:		ate personal protec		
	Eye Protection:		with eyes. Wear c		
	Hand Protection:		-resistant gloves su		
	Skin and Body Protection:				as required to minimizing contact.
	Respirator Protection:	Not required to	or properly ventilat	ed areas.	
]	Exposure Limits:		ACCT	OGT	1
	COMPONENT		ACGIH	OSHA	
			(TLV)	(PEL)	
	BisPhenolA/Epichlorohydrin (Epo	oxy Resin)	N/E	N/E	

\*ACGIH (TLV) for amorphous silica, fume, respirable fraction. \*\*OSHA PEL for amorphous silica, total fraction is  $80 \text{ mg/m}^3$ 

%SiO2

25 ppm

 $2 \text{ mg/m}^{3*}$ 

 $10 \text{ mg/m}^3$ 

 $10 \text{ mg/m}^3$ 

25 ppm 25 mg/m<sup>3</sup>\*\*

 $15 \text{ mg/m}^3$ 

 $10 \text{ mg/m}^3$ 

IX. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICA	AL PROPERTIES
Form:	Paste
Color:	White
Odor:	Sweet
Vapor Pressure:	Not Volatile
<b>Boiling Point:</b>	>260°C (>500°F)
Freezing Point:	N/E
Flash Point:	250°F (Open Cup)

N-butyl glycidyl ether

Silica, amorphous

Calcium carbonate Titanium dioxide

	<b>IPSON</b> <b>ong<u>Tie</u> Stress Systems Specific Gravity: Solubility In Water:</b>	ERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET PAGE 3 OF 6 1.26 @ 72°F Insoluble
X.	<b><u>REACTIVITY DATA</u></b> Stability: Conditions To Avoid: Materials To Avoid: Hazardous Decomposition Products Hazardous Polymerization:	Stable under normal storage conditions. Incompatible chemicals, heat and open flame. Oxidizing agents, acids, organic bases, and amines. Combustion may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, aldehydes, acids and other organic substances. Will not occur.
XI.	<b>TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES</b> Acute Oral (LD <sub>50</sub> , Rat): Acute Dermal (LD <sub>50</sub> , Rabbit): Acute Inhalation (LC <sub>50</sub> , Rat):	N/E N/E N/E
	Chronic Health Hazard	The Diglycidyl Ether of Bisphenol A has shown weak carcinogenicity in 2-year mice bioassays. This material has shown activity in-vitro microbial mutagenicity screening and has produced chromosomal aberrations in cultured rat liver cells. No activity when tested by vivo mutagenicity assays.
XII.	DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS Waste From Residues / Unused Products:	This material is not a hazardous waste by RCRA criteria (40 CFR 261). Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state, and local requirements.
XIII	I. <u>TRANSPORTATION</u> US DOT (CFR): IATA: IMO:	Not Regulated For Transport. Not Regulated For Transport. Not Regulated For Transport.
XIV	Acute/Chronic Health Hazard. EPA SARA Title III Section 313 (40 None. US. California "Safe Drinking Wate	

reproductive toxicity and other harm.

Component	Regulation	Concentration	Remarks
Phenylglycidyl ether*	ACGIH	Trace	Carcinogenic
Epichlorohydrin*	ACGIH	Trace	Carcinogenic

\* May be absorbed through skin.

### XV. OTHER INFORMATION

H	IMIS RATING		
	Health	Flammability	Physical Hazard
	2	1	0

N/E – Not Established

This Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) is prepared by Simpson Strong-Tie Co. in compliance with the requirements of OSHA 29 CFR Part 1910.1200. The information it contains is offered in good faith as accurate as of the date of this MSDS. This MSDS is provided solely for the purpose of conveying health, safety, and environmental information. No warranty, expressed or implied, is given. Health and Safety precautions may not be adequate for all individuals and/or situations. It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations.

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# I. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Company: Address:	Simpson Strong-Tie Company, Inc. 5956 W. Las Positas Blvd. Pleasanton, CA 94588
Product Name:	<b>ET Hardener -</b> ET22, ET56, ET020H, ET050H
Product Description:	Epoxy-Tie Adhesive – Epoxy Hardener
Emergency Contact No.:	1-800-535-5053 USA 1-352-323-3500 International
Date Prepared or Revised:	April 2006

#### II. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Names	CAS Numbers
Phenol (Benzenol)	108-95-2
Benzene-1, 3-Dimethaneamine	1477-55-0
Silica, amorphous (fumed)	67762-90-7
Silica, crystalline quartz	14808-60-7

The remaining ingredients are designated as "trade secret".

# III. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW Non corrosive. Moderate irritation to eyes and skin. May cause skin sensitization. Components of the product may affect the nervous system.

### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

ACUTE	
Eye Contact:	May cause eye irritation, swelling, tearing, redness or cornea damage.
Skin Contact:	Moderate irritation. May cause skin sensitization, evidenced by rashes and hives.
Inhalation:	Moderate irritation to the nose and respiratory tract. May cause Central Nervous System
	depression, evidenced by giddiness, headache, dizziness, and nausea.
Ingestion:	May cause irritation to the gastrointestinal tract. May cause headache nausea. May cause
	Central Nervous System depression or other systemic effects.
Systemic Effects:	Lungs, eyes, and skin.

### IV. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of cool water for at least 15 minutes while holding the eyes open. If redness, burning, blurred vision, or swelling persist, <b>CONSULT A PHYSICIAN</b> .
Skin Contact:	Remove product and immediately wash affected area with soap and water. Do not apply greases or ointments. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash clothing with soap and water before reuse. If redness, burning, or swelling persist, <b>CONSULT A PHYSICIAN</b> .
Ingestion:	<b>DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.</b> Never administer anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse out mouth with water, then drink sips of water to remove taste from mouth. <b>CONSULT A PHYSICIAN</b> if vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.
Inhalation:	Remove patient to fresh air. If patient continues to experience difficulty breathing, <b>CONSULT A PHYSICIAN</b> .



Odor:

**Boiling Point:** 

**Freezing Point:** 

Vapor Pressure:

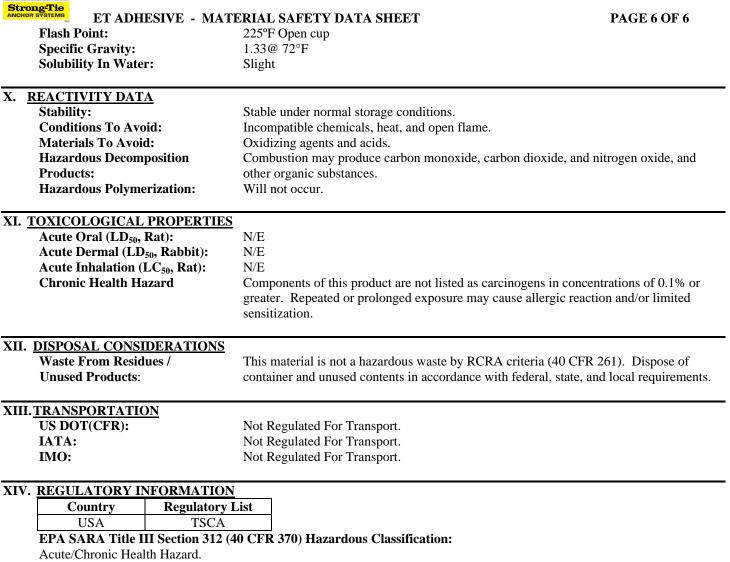
	V. <u>FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES</u>					
	Suitable Extinguishing Media:	Water spray, fo	Water spray, fog or foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, limestone powder.			
	Fire And Explosion Hazard:	Irritating and to	Irritating and toxic fumes may be produced at high temperature. In a fire, may produce			
	-			xide, ammonia, and carbon dioxide. Use of water may		
		result in the formation of very toxic aqueous solution. Do not fighting to enter drains or water courses.				
	Fire Fighting Equipment and			elf-contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting.		
	Procedures:	Isolate fuel supp	Isolate fuel supply from fire. Clear fire area of all non-emergency personnel.			
	CCIDENTAL RELEASE MEA					
	<b>Personal Precautions:</b>		Use self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing. Evacuate			
		1	personnel to safe areas.			
	Environmental Precautions:	Construct a dike	Construct a dike to prevent spreading. Keep out of sewers, storm drains, surface waters,			
		and soils.	and soils.			
	Clean-up Methods:	Small spills: S	Small spills: Soak up with absorbent material such as clay, sand or other suitable non-			
			reactive material. Place in leak-proof containers. Seal tightly for proper disposal.			
		<b>Large spills</b> : Approach suspected leak areas with caution. Create a dike or trench to contain material. Soak up with absorbent material such as clay, sand or other suitable				
				x-proof containers. Seal tightly for proper disposal.		
	Additional Information:		Notify authority if any exposures to the general public or environment occurs or is likely			
		to occur. Dispo	ose of in accordance	with federal, state, and local regulations.		
VII. <u>S</u>	STORAGE AND HANDLING					
	Storage:	Keep away fron	n: acids, oxidizers, h	neat, or flames. Keep in cool, dry, well-ventilated area		
	-			iners from physical damage.		
	Handling:			ler the foreseeable conditions of use, wear		
				safety eyewear. When handling, do not eat, drink, or		
				dling. Avoid breathing fumes. Handle in a well		
				uning. Avoid bleathing futiles. Handle in a well		
		ventilated work	area.			
VIII	EVDOCUDE CONTROL C / DE	DONAL DDOTE	TION			
	EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PE Protective Measure:					
			Wear appropriate personal protective equipment.			
	Eye Protection:		Avoid contact with eyes. Wear chemical-resistant safety glasses.			
	Hand Protection:			h as: Nitrile, neoprene, butyl.		
	Skin and Body Protection:	Wear chemical-	Wear chemical-resistant gloves and other clothing as required to minimize contact.			
	<b>Respirator Protection:</b>	Not required for properly ventilated areas.				
	Exposure Limits:					
	Chemical Names	ACGIH	OSHA			
		(TLV)	(PEL)			
	N-aminoethylpiperazine	N/E	N/E			
	Nonylphenol	N/E	N/E			
	Silica, amorphous (fumed)	$2 \text{ mg/m}^{3*}$	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> **			
	Silica, crystalline quartz	$0.05 \text{mg/m}^3$	3mg/m <sup>3</sup> ***			
	Calcium carbonate	$10 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (total)	$15 \text{ mg/m}^3$ (total)			
	Calcium carbonate	10 mg/m (total)		]		
	*ACCIH TI V for amorphous silica	fuma raphiable fraction				
	*ACGIH TLV for amorphous silica, fume, respirable fraction. **OSHA PEL for amorphous silica, total fraction is <u>80 mg/m<sup>3</sup></u>					
	%SiO2					
	***OSHA PEL for crystalline silica, quartz, respirable is <u>10 mg/m<sup>3</sup></u> %SiO <sub>2+2</sub>					
		% S10	02+2			
11/						
	HYSICAL PROPERTIES					
	Form:	Paste				
	Color:	Black				

Ammonia

N/E

N/E

N/E



EPA SARA Title III Section 313 (40 CFR 372) Component(s) above 'de minimus' level:

Phenol, 4,4-(1-methylethylidene)bis.

US. California "Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act" (Proposition 65):

This product contains small trace of the following chemicals that are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity and other harm.

Component	Regulation	Concentration	Remarks
Carbon Black	ACGIH	Trace	Carcinogenic
Silica Quartz	ACGIH	Trace	Carcinogenic

### XV. OTHER INFORMATION

SIMPSON

HMIS	RATING		
I	Iealth	Flammability	Physical Hazard
	2	1	0
NI/E	Nat Establ	ale a d	

N/E – Not Established

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#### Form T-SAS-ETMSD06R