MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET: CLC-501

Section I - General Information

(000000-000000- - 174C)

Date of Issue:

7/11/2007 12:00:00 AM

Chemical Name & Synonyms:

Chemical Family:

Alkaline solution

Manufacturer Name: CHEM-AQUA, INC

Manufacturer Address: BOX 152170 IRVING, TEXAS 75015

Prepared By:

M MCDOWELL/CHEMIST

Product Code Number:

Emergency Phone Number:

800-424-9300

Supercedes:

CLC-501

4/24/2003 12:00:00 AM

Trade Name & Synonyms:

Formula is a mixture: [√]

Section II - Hazardous Ingredients

THE HAZARDS PRESENTED BELOW ARE THOSE OF THE INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS

Chemical Name (Ingredients) SODIUM TRIPOLYPHOSPHATE NONYLPHENOL POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHER SODIUM SILICATE

Hazard **IRRITANT**

TLV PEL N/E 1 N/E 2

STEL CAS# N/E

N/E

N/E

7758-29-4 127087-87-0

IRRITANT IRRITANT

N/E 1 N/E 2 N/E 1 N/E 2

1344-09-8

Section III - Physical Data

Bolling Point (°F): 220

Vapor Pressure (mm Hg): 16.6

Vapor Density (Air=1): 0.6

pH @ 100%: 12.4

% Volatile by Volume: 94

H₂0 Solubility: Complete

Specific Gravity (H₂0=1): 1.04

Color: Green

Odor: Slight

Clarity: Transparent

Evaporation Rate (BuAc=1): 0.5

Viscosity: Non-viscous

Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard

Flash Point: >200°F

Flammable Limits: Hydrogen gas

LEL: 4%

Method Used: T.C.C.

UEL: 75%

Aerosol Level (NFPA 30B): N/A

Extinguishing Media:

[√] Foam [√] Dry Chemical [√] Alcohol Foam [√] Water Spray

[√] CO2 [] Other

4-Extreme 3-High 2-Moderate

NFPA 704 Hazard Rating:

Health: 2 Flammability: 1

Instability: 0 1-Slight Special: 0-Insignificant

Special Fire Fighting Procedures:

Firefighters should wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Extinguishing media should be chosen based on the nature of the surrounding fire. Cool fire-exposed containers with water spray to prevent bursting.

l	Jnusual	Fire	and	Expl	osion	Haza	rds:

Prolonged contact with reactive metals, such as Aluminum, Copper, Brass, Bronze, Chromium, Magnesium, Tin, Zinc, and alloys, can cause the formation of flammable Hydrogen Gas which can form an explosive mixture with air. Use care as spills may be slippery.

Section V - Health and Hazard Data

Threshold Limit Value:

Not Established.

Effects of Overexposure:

Acute: (Short Term Exposure)

EYE CONTACT: Causes severe irritation seen as stinging, tearing, redness, and a burning sensation.

SKIN CONTACT: Causes severe irritation seen as redness, itching, and a burning sensation. Product may be absorbed through the

skin in harmful amounts.

INHALATION: Mist causes respiratory irritation seen as coughing and sneezing.

INGESTION: Causes irritation with possible nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Chronic: (Long Term Exposure)

No human chronic effects known.

Medical conditions aggravated by exposure are pre-existing respiratory and skin conditions such as asthma, emphysema, and dermatitis.

TARGET ORGANS: None known. There is no primary route of entry into the body. The primary routes of exposure are skin and eye contact.

Primary Routes of Entry						
[] Inhalation	[] Ingestion	[√] Absorption				
The second secon						

Emergency First Aid Procedures:

Inhalation:

Remove from the area to fresh air. Seek medical attention if respiratory irritation develops or if breathing becomes difficult.

Eye Contact:

Immediately rinse the eyes with water. Remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Hold the eyelids apart to ensure rinsing of the entire surface of the eyes and lids with water. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact

Immediately remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Flush affected areas with large amounts of water for 20 to 30 minutes. Get immediate medical attention. Discard clothing and shoes.

Ingestion:

Give 3 to 4 glasses of water, but DO NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, give fluids again. Get immediate medical attention. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Notes to Physician:

There is no specific antidote. Treat the patient symptomatically.

Section VI - Toxicity Information							
Product Contains Chemicals Listed as Carcinogen or Potential Carcinogen By:							
[]IARC	[]NTP	[]OSHA	[] ACGIH	[] Other			

VOC content: 0.1% by weight; 0.1% by volume; 0.7 g/L

OD!! !!! TO!DO! \/D! !OOO!!!

SUDIUM TRIPULYPHUSPHATE	
IHL-RAT LC ₅₀ : >0.39 mg/L/4H	3.
ORL-RAT LD ₅₀ : 3,120 mg/Kg	4.
SKN-RBT LD ₅₀ : > 4,640 mg/Kg	3.
ORL-RAT TDL0: 2,730 MG/KG/13W-I Changes To Spleen Weight	4.
SKN-RBT SDT: 500mg/24H MOD	4.
EYE-RBT: 3.3/110, Slightly Irritating	3.
SKN-RBT: 0-0/8.0 (24 Hr. Exp); Not Irritating	3.
ORL-RAT LD ₅₀ : 3,900 mg/Kg	3.
SKN-RBT LD ₅₀ : >7,940 mg/Kg	3.

Rats fed Sodium Tripolyphosphate Anhydrous in their diet for two years exhibited decreased growth, increased kidney/body weight rations, and kidney changes.

NONYLPHENOL POLYETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHER

ORL-RAT LD₅₀: 1.3 G/KG 3.

SKN-RBT LD₅₀: 2 ml/kg/24hr occluded 3.

SKN-RBT: no irritation (uncovered) 3.

EYE-RBT: 0.5 ml @ 5% dilution (severe corneal injury) 3.

Contains surfactant which, based on studies with rabbits involving the sustained occluded contact of the undiluted surfactant with skin, indicate that such conditions may result in the development of inflammatory changes in the lung. Several studies have resulted in slightly increased kidney weights in male rats continuously exposed to nonylphenol at dietary concentrations of 200 ppm or greater. Tubular degeneration was observed at 650 and 2000 ppm. 3.

SODIUM SILICATE

 $\begin{array}{llll} \text{ORL-RAT LD}_{50}\text{: }1,500\text{-}3,200\text{ mg/kg }(100\%\text{ solids basis}) & 3.\\ \text{ORL-RAT: }200,600,1800\text{ ppm/3 Months; Changes in the blood chemistry} & 3.\\ \text{ORL-RAT: }600,1200\text{ ppm; Decreased \# of births and survival to weaning} & 3.\\ \text{ORL-DOG: }2.4\text{ gm/kg/Day/4 Weeks; Kidney Effects} \\ \text{SKN-RBT SDT: }500\text{ mg/24H SEV} & 4\\ \text{EYE-RBT SDT: }10\text{ mg/24H SEV} & 4\\ \text{CRL-RAT LD}_{50}\text{: }1,960\text{ mg/kg} & 4\\ \text{SKN-RBT LD}_{50}\text{: }>4,640\text{ mg/kg} & 4\\ \end{array}$

EYE: Corneal and iridal involvement, severe conjunctival irritation, ocular irritation, ocular irritation still present 7 days after treatment. If yielded a score of 19.7 after 1 day and 4.0 after 14 days.

PRIMARY SKIN IRRITATION SCORE: 3 to Abraded Skin, 0 to Intact Skin. Experience has Shown product when getting on collars and cuffs. Causes irritation.

Section VII - Reactivity Data

Stability			Hazardous Polymerization		
[√] Stable	[] Unstable		[√] Will not occur	[] May occur	
Conditions to Avoid: None known.			Conditions to Avoid: N/A		

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid):

Strong oxidizing agents such as Chlorine bleach and concentrated Hydrogen Peroxide; acids, bases, and Ammonium salt solutions. Prolonged contact with reactive metals, such as Aluminum, Copper, Brass, Bronze, Chromium, Magnesium, Tin, Zinc, and alloys, can cause the formation of flammable Hydrogen gas which can form an explosive mixture with air.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Oxides of Carbon, Phosphorus, and Sodium; Ammonia, amines, and Hydrogen Chloride.

Section VIII - Spill Or Leak Procedures

Steps to be Taken if Material is Released or Spilled:

Wear appropriate protective clothing. Use care as spills may be slippery. Shut off source of leak. Dike and contain spill. Absorb with an inert material and transfer all material into a properly labeled container for disposal. Prevent product from contaminating soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems and bodies of water. Flush area with water.

M	laste	Dispos	tal M	etho	del
•	asic		3 4 1 1971	GLI IL	rui 3 i

Dispose of in accordance with all Federal, state, and local regulations.

Neutralizing Agent:

Use dilute acids such as Hydrochloric Acid or vinegar. Add cautiously while mixing. Wear appropriate protective clothing.

Section IX - Special Protection Information

Required Ventilation:

Local ventilation is recommended to control exposure from operations that can generate excessive levels of mists. Local ventilation is preferred, because it prevents dispersion into work areas by controlling it at its source.

Respiratory Protection:

Respirators should be selected by and used under the direction of a trained health and safety professional following requirements found in OSHA's respirator standard (29 CFR 1910.134) and ANSI's standard for respiratory protection (Z88.2-1992). For concentrations above the TLV and/or PEL but less than 10 times these limits, a NIOSH approved half-facepiece respirator equipped with appropriate chemical cartridges may be used. For concentrations greater than 10 times the TLV and/or PEL, consult the NIOSH respirator decision logic found in publication No. 87-116 or ANSI Z88.2-1992.

Glove Protection:

Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves should be worn. Ensure compliance with OSHA's personal protective equipment (PPE) standard for hand protection, 29 CFR 1910.138.

Eve Protection:

Chemical goggles should be worn when handling. Ensure compliance with OSHA's Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) standard for eye and face protection, 29 CFR 1910.133.

Other Protection:

Wear protective clothing when handling. A safety shower and an eyewash station should be available.

Section X - Storage and Handling Information Storage Temperature Max: 120°F Min: 35°F Storage Conditions [v] Indoors [] Heated [] Refrigerated

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storing:

Always store material in its original container. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Keep from freezing. If product freezes, allow it to slowly warm to room temperature and stir thoroughly before using.

Other Precautions:

Keep out of reach of children. Read the entire label before using the product. Follow the label directions. Traces of free Ethylene Oxide and Propylene Oxide may be present in this product and could accumulate in the headspace of storage and transport vessels.

Section XI - Regulatory Information

Chemical Name None. CAS Number

Upper % Limit

Those Ingredients listed above are subject to the reporting requirements of 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372.

Please call 1-800-527-9919 for additional information if you are a California customer. This MSDS is not intended for users in the state of California.

Section XII - References

- 1. Threshold Limit Values for chemical substances and physical agents and biological exposure indices, ACGIH, 2007.
- 2. OSHA PEL.
- 3. Vendor's MSDS.
- 4. Registry of toxic effects of chemical substances, CCINFOWeb, 2007.
- 5. European Chemical Substances Information System (ESIS), International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)
 Chemical Data Sheets

All the components of this product are in compliance with the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) and are either listed on the TSCA inventory or otherwise exempted from listing.

IRR: Irritant, OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health Administration, IARC: International Agency for the Research on Cancer, TOX: Toxic, NFPA: National Fire Protection Association, ppm: Parts Per Million, UEL: Upper Explosion Limit, STEL: Short-term Exposure Limit, SKN: Skin, IHL: Inhalation, COMB: Combustible, CORR: Corrosive, MUT: Mutagenic, CARC: Carcinogenic, N/A: Not Applicable, TLV: Threshold Limit Value, N/E: Not Established, ORL: Oral, FLAM: Flammable, ASPHYX: Asphyxiant, C.O.C.: Cleveland Open Cup, PNOR: Particles Not Otherwise Regulated, LEL: Lower Explosion Limit, mg/L: Milligrams per Liter, PNOS: Particles Not Otherwise Specified, g/L: Grams per Liter, PMCC: Pensky-Martin Closed Cup, NTP: National Toxicology Program, µg/L: Micrograms per Liter, TCC: Tagliabue Closed Cup, SEV: Severe, RBT: Rabbit, INV: Intravenous, ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit, MOD: Moderate, IPT: Intraperitoneal, gm/kg: Grams per Kilogram, C.C.C.: Cleveland Closed Cup, HMN: Human, mg/m3: Milligrams per Cubic Meter, mg/kg: Milligrams per Kilogram, VOC: Volatile Organic Compound, SDT: Standard Draize Test, MSE: Mouse, GPG: Guinea Pig.

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON DATA CONSIDERED ACCURATE IN LIGHT OF CURRENT FORMULATION. HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OF THE DATA OR THE RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE USE THEREOF.

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