

Robotic Mining Capstone (RMC)

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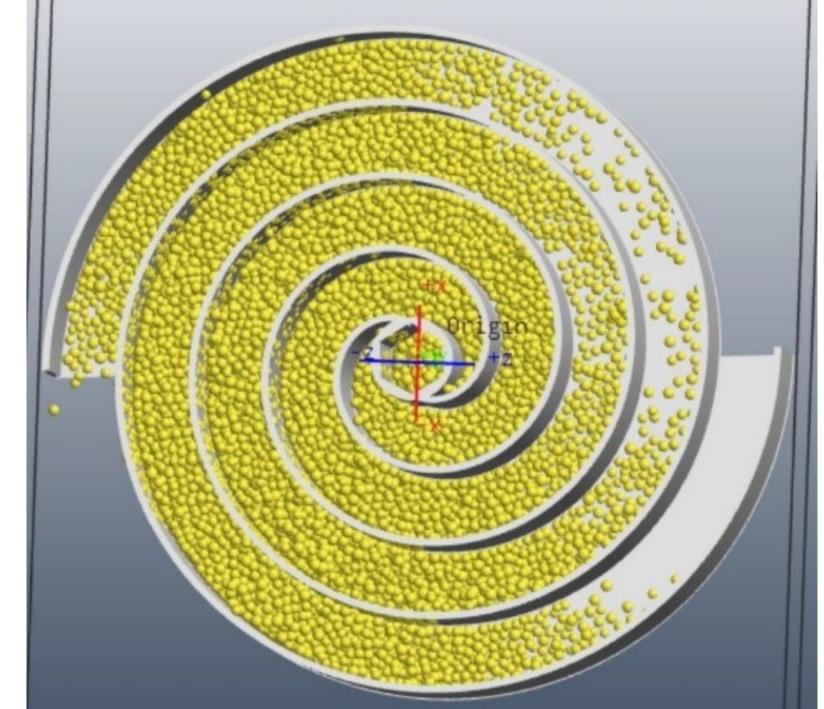
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MISSION

- Design a robot capable of traversing lunar terrain and building a regolith berm.
- Berm construction is essential to protect astronauts and critical lunar structures from radiation and the harsh space environment.
- RMC's robot is engineered to maximize berm volume and employ an efficient regolith storage mechanism.

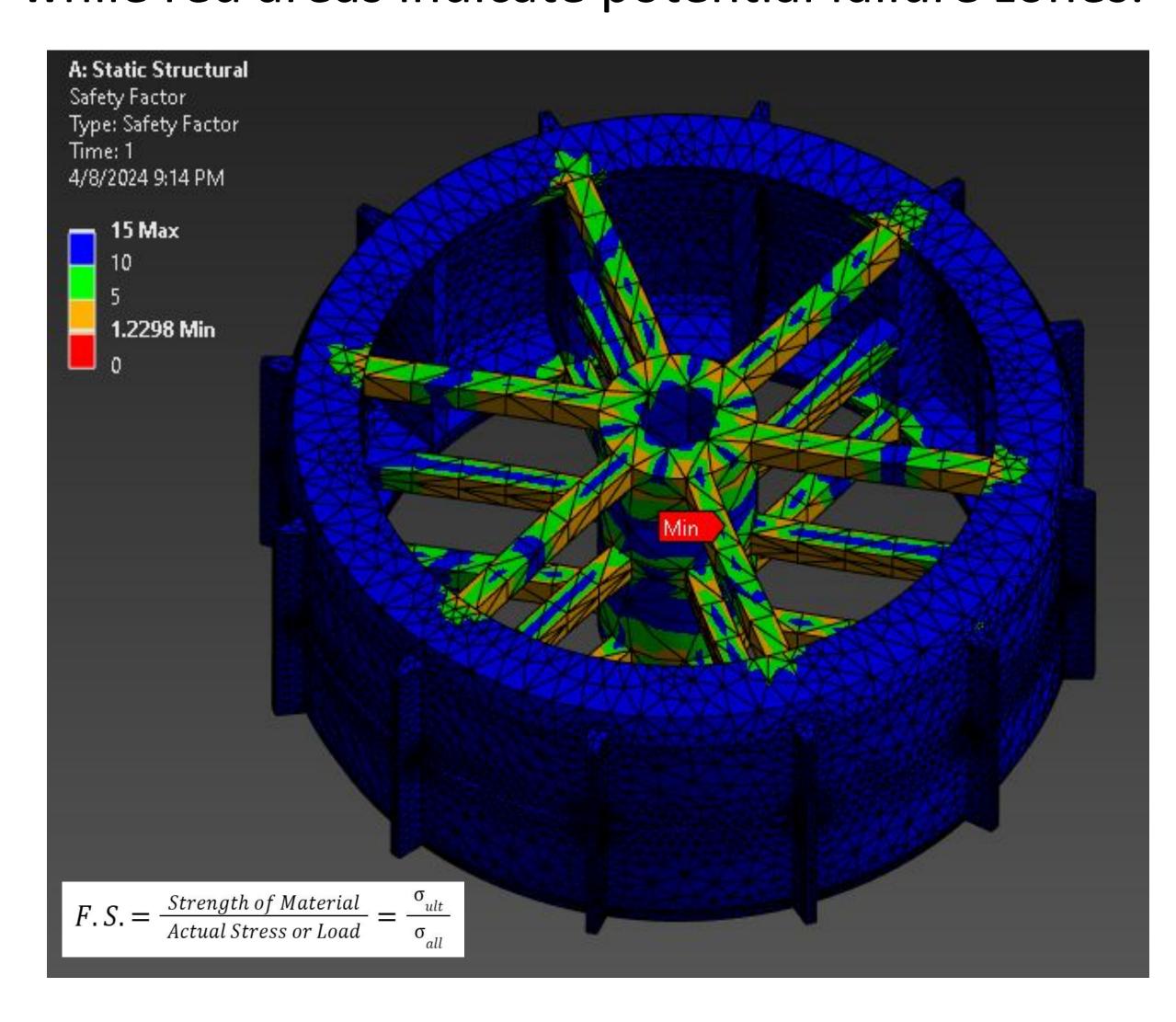
EXCAVATION

- Composed of eight 3D-printed PLA bucket drums.
- Each drum holds an 80% fill capacity of 0.64 liters of fly ash.
- The drum capacity was predicted using Becker 3D® simulations and verified through physical testing.



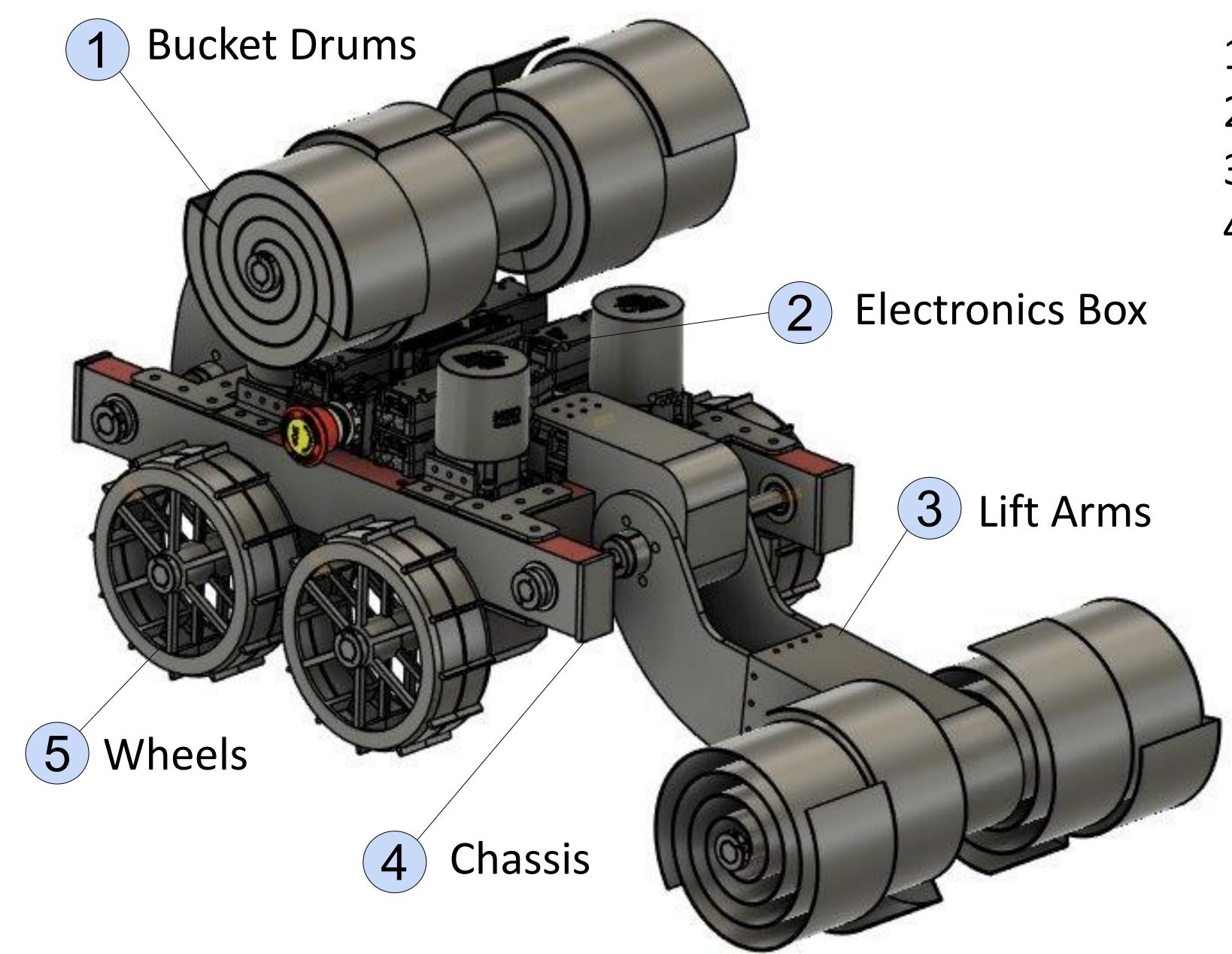
STRUCTURES

- The Ansys[®] model illustrates the FoS for the wheel, the blue areas denote complete safety while red areas indicate potential failure zones.

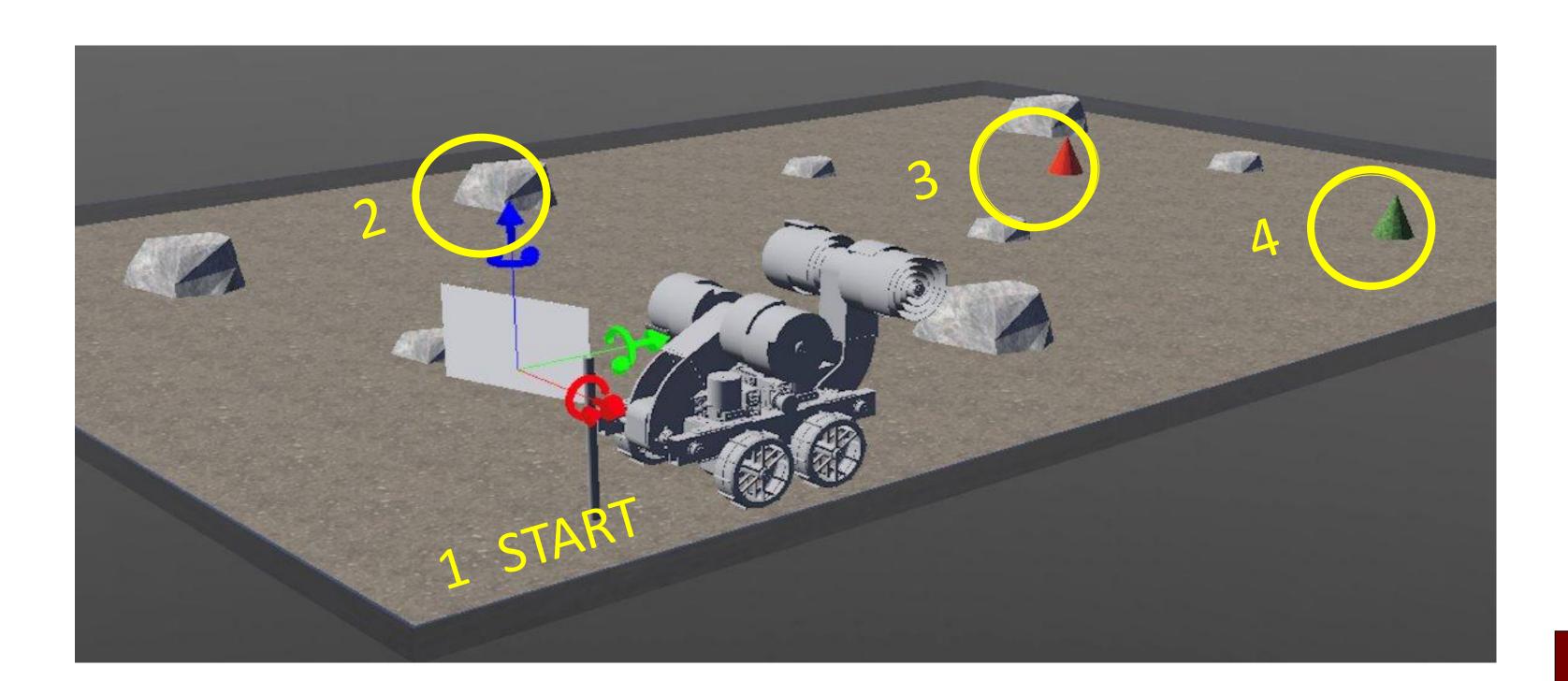


- The minimum FoS recorded is 1.2298.
- The chassis bending stress was predicted using a MATLAB® shear-moment script.

Lunar Robot Model



Materials: PLA, Al 6061, Al 6063, and Steel



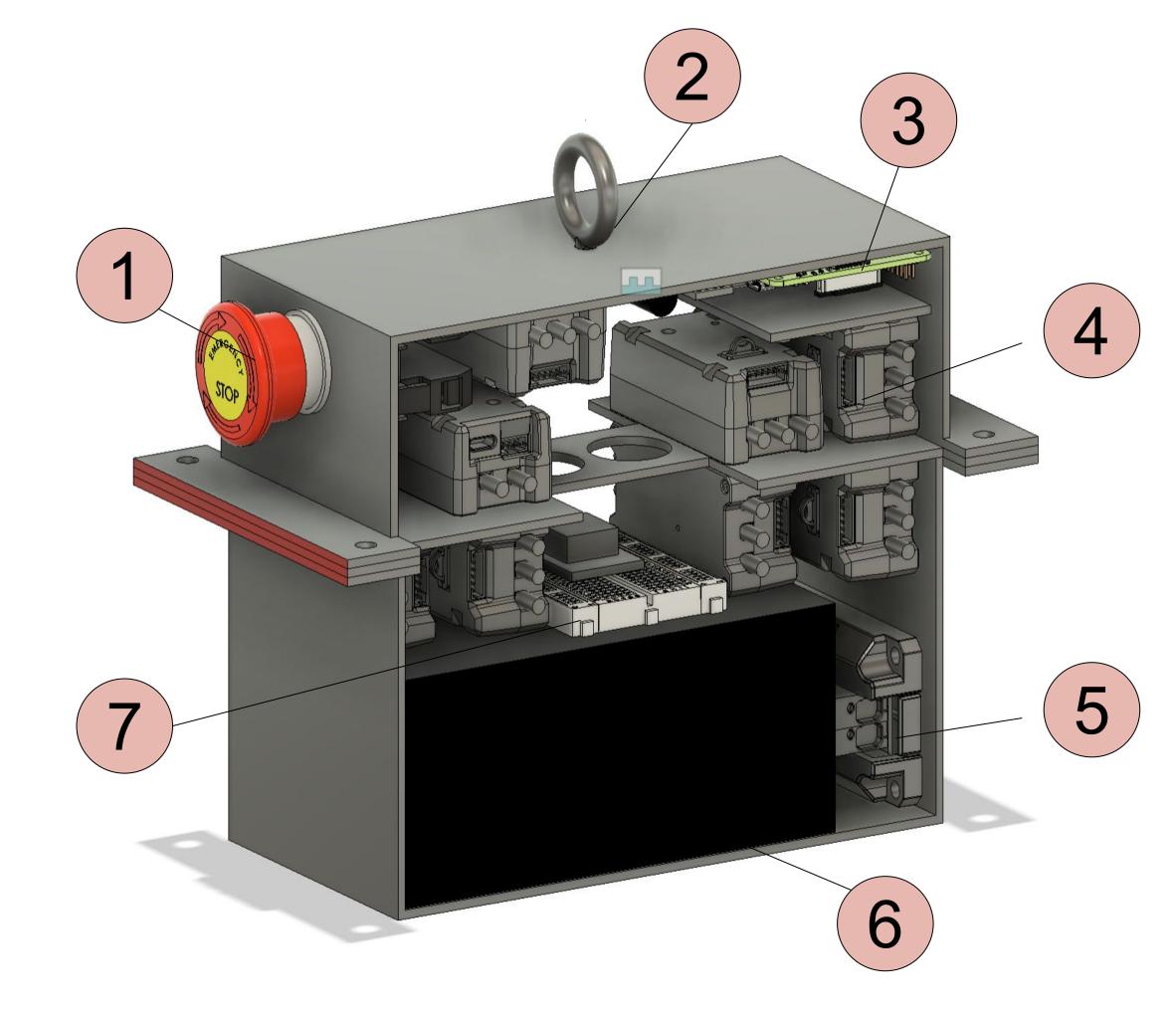
Step 1: The robot will begin at the starting zone.

- Step 2: It will drive through the arena avoiding obstacles.
- **Step 3:** It will reach the mining zone (red cone) and collect regolith.
- **Step 4:** Once full, it will locate the construction zone (green cone) and build the berm.

CONTROLS

Electrical: Electronics Box

- 1. Emergency shut off
- 2. Hoist hook
- 5. Power distributor6. Battery 12V 9Ah
- 3. Raspberry Pi HAT
- T 7. IMU
- 4. Motor controller



Software:

Webots®: Simulates mission arena with mock robot to refine the capabilities of the physical prototype.

Python: Navigation is performed using stored waypoints which appear on the GUI atop a cartesian position grid.

Becker 3D®: Simulates regolith particle loading and unloading from bucket drums.

RESULTS & FUTURE WORK

Results: Successful manual control for driving and excavating. The robot can build a 0.02 m³ berm in 4 trips.

Future: Refine the robot's autonomous operations script and image processing algorithms.